

Appl. No: 09/987,551

Reply to Office Action of May 7, 2003

Amendments to the Claims

The listing of the claims replaces all previous amendments and listings of the claims.

1. and 2. (Canceled)

3. (Currently Amended) ~~The A~~ branching method ~~according to Claim 1~~ for an optical fiber cable containing a plurality of plastic optical fibers, comprising:
removing a covering of the cable at a single portion of the cable; and
cutting a desired optical fiber in the cable at the single portion without cutting the cable in its entirety, at a non-terminal position of the cable, to form a terminal of the fiber,

wherein the desired optical fiber is cut and then withdrawn from the cable.

4. (Currently Amended) ~~The A~~ branching method ~~according to Claim 1~~ for an optical fiber cable containing a plurality of plastic optical fibers, comprising:
removing a covering of the cable at a single portion of the cable; and
cutting a desired optical fiber in the cable at the single portion without cutting the cable in its entirety, at a non-terminal position of the cable, to form a terminal of the fiber,

wherein the cable is provided with a slotted spacer, and the desired optical fiber is cut without cutting the spacer, to form the terminal of the optical fiber.

5. (Currently Amended) ~~The A~~ branching method ~~according to Claim 1~~ for an optical fiber cable containing a plurality of plastic optical fibers, comprising:
removing a covering of the cable at a single portion of the cable; and
cutting a desired optical fiber in the cable at the single portion without cutting the cable in its entirety, at a non-terminal position of the cable, to form a terminal of the fiber,

Appl. No: 09/987,551

Reply to Office Action of May 7, 2003

wherein the cable is provided with a tension member, and the desired optical fiber is cut without cutting the tension member, to form the terminal of the optical fiber.

6. (Original) The branching method according to Claim 5, wherein without substantially elastically deforming the tension member, the desired optical fiber is cut to form the terminal of the optical fiber.

7. and 8. (Canceled)

9. (Currently Amended) ~~The A branching method according to Claim 7, for an optical fiber cable containing a plurality of plastic optical fibers, comprising:~~

removing a covering of the cable at a single portion of the cable; and

cutting a desired optical fiber in the cable at the single portion without cutting the cable in its entirety, at a non-terminal position of the cable, to form a terminal of the fiber,

wherein the branching method is a post branching method of forming the terminal of the optical fiber at an optional non-terminal position of an existing optical fiber cable, and

wherein the desired optical fiber is cut and then withdrawn from the cable.

10. (Currently Amended) ~~The A branching method according to Claim 7, for an optical fiber cable containing a plurality of plastic optical fibers, comprising:~~

removing a covering of the cable at a single portion of the cable; and

cutting a desired optical fiber in the cable at the single portion without cutting the cable in its entirety, at a non-terminal position of the cable, to form a terminal of the fiber,

wherein the branching method is a post branching method of forming the terminal of the optical fiber at an optional non-terminal position of an existing optical fiber cable, and

Appl. No: 09/987,551

Reply to Office Action of May 7, 2003

wherein the cable is provided with a slotted spacer, and the desired optical fiber is cut without cutting the spacer, to form the terminal of the optical fiber.

11. (Currently Amended) The A branching method according to ~~Claim 7~~, for an optical fiber cable containing a plurality of plastic optical fibers, comprising:
removing a covering of the cable at a single portion of the cable; and
cutting a desired optical fiber in the cable at the single portion without cutting the cable in its entirety, at a non-terminal position of the cable, to form a terminal of the fiber,

wherein the branching method is a post branching method of forming the terminal of the optical fiber at an optional non-terminal position of an existing optical fiber cable, and

wherein the cable is provided with a tension member, and the desired optical fiber is cut without cutting the tension member, to form the terminal of the optical fiber.

12. (Original) The branching method according to Claim 11, wherein without substantially elastically deforming the tension member, the desired optical fiber is cut to form the terminal of the optical fiber.

13. (Original) The branching method according to Claim 11, wherein the terminal of the optical fiber is formed while the cable is in an extended state.

14. (Original) The branching method according to Claim 13, wherein the desired optical fiber is withdrawn from the cable and then cut.

15. (Original) The branching method according to Claim 13, wherein the desired optical fiber is cut and then withdrawn from the cable.

16. (Original) The branching method according to Claim 13, wherein the cable is provided with a slotted spacer, and the desired optical fiber is cut without cutting the spacer, to form the terminal of the optical fiber.

Appl. No: 09/987,551
Reply to Office Action of May 7, 2003

17. (Original) The branching method according to Claim 13, wherein the cable is provided with a tension member, and the desired optical fiber is cut without cutting the tension member, to form the terminal of the optical fiber.

18.-20. (Canceled)